

Демонстрационная версия контрольно-измерительных материалов по английскому
языку 9 класс
2021-2022 учебный год
Входная контрольная работа по английскому языку для 9 класса
(за курс 8 класса)

1. Listening (T 11-WB)



2. Reading. True or false

Environmental problems is the most burning problem of today. The ecological problem influence the climate on the Earth. So we all should work together to safeguard our environment.

Air pollution is a very serious problem. Industrial enterprises emit tons of harmful substances. They are the main reason for the greenhouse effect and acid rains. Acid water kills the plants and animals that usually live in water. Acid rain makes the Earth more acidic and some kinds of trees can't live in the soil that is very acidic. Forests are disappearing and this upsets the oxygen balance.

Nuclear weapon is also course of the pollution. It brings a great damage to the agriculture, forests and people's health.

The greenhouse effect and global warming both correspond with each other. It causes the overheat of the air as a result we have the global warming effect.

People are beginning to realize that environmental problems are not somebody else's. In many countries environmental protection agencies and research centers are up. Such organization as "Green Peace" cares for ecology in countries. Its main goal is to combine the people's efforts for peace with the huge and ever mounting movement launches all kind of environmental actions and inform of the ways, means and results of this work.

1. Environmental problem is not the most burning problem of today. A – True B-False
2. We all shouldn't work together to safeguard our environment. A – True B-False
3. Nuclear weapons are also course of the pollution. A – True B-False
4. Such organization as "Green Peace" cares for economy in countries. A – True B-False
5. The greenhouse effect causes the overheat of the air. A – True B-False

3. Vocabulary

1.is a person who sells something. (a-lawyer, b-waiter, c -salesperson)
2. ...is a person who works in hospitals and helps doctors. (a- banker ,b-nurse c-translator)
- 3....is the most important ecological problem(a-punishment b-greenhouse effect c-space)
4. Please write your name, age and.....(a-occupation b-job c-work)
5. If you are good at math you should be(a-artist b-lawyer c-accountant)
6. ...is a person who doesn't eat meat and dairy products. (a-vegan b-ham c-tuna).
- 7...is not having an interesting taste. (a-bitter b-sweet c-tasteless)
8. She ...milk and cheese when she became a vegan(a-gives up b-eats c-looks for).
9. My father (a – cut ,b-gave, c- took) the tree yesterday.
10. If you have an analytical mind, you should be (a-actor, b – doctor, c – lawyer)

4. Grammar

1. Did you buy__milk? a. some b. many c. any
2. There are not__grapes in the fridge. a. some b. any c.much
3. How__glasses of water do you drink every day? a.much b. many c.some
4. There is__tea . a. any b. many c. much
5. Have you got__chicken? a. any b. many c. some
6. When I came home, my little sister (to sleep). a.slept b.sleep c.was sleeping
7. There is__butter in the fridge. a.any b. much c.many
8. How__is this goulash?a. many b. some c.much
9. When I (to come) to my friend's place, he was watching TV a. came b.was coming c. comes
10. He eats_____sweets every day.
a. a lot of b. too much

Контрольная работа за 1 четверть 9 класс

№1 Complete tag-questions.

1. Let's find my keys,
2. I am very smart,
3. Jack didn't pass his exams,
4. Our love will last forever,
5. He goes to China every summer,
6. Sandra has already got up,
7. My coffee and croissants are not cold,
8. They won't spend all their money,
9. Tim can't play table tennis,
10. This palace was built in the 16th century,

№2 Match the headings and the texts.

1. Celebrations 2 Food 3 Travelling 4Geography 5Animal facts 6Weather

- A. Russia consists of several continental zones. For example, in the north winters are long and harsh, in some places there is lots of snow fall and temperatures fall below -40 degrees Celsius. These winters are normal, not only in the northern regions of the country but even in the Far East. Summers in these areas don't even see three warm months out of the year.
- B. Choose the incredible New Year tours to cold Lapland, which are the perfect combination of comfort and adventure. They are ideal for those who may be new to husky sledding or winter holidays. You will enjoy the beauty of Lapland as you drive your own dog sled team through landscapes including huge mountains, mysterious forests, deserted tundra and frozen lakes.

- C. You may not know this, but Finland has a very interesting diversity of local dishes. Fish and meat are important ingredients in some areas, and oats, berries, and milk are common in other regions. An iconic Finnish dish visitors should try, especially in the summer, is “*grillimakkara*”, which are large grilled sausages eaten with mustard. They are delicious.
- D. The New Year is one of the most important holidays on the Russian calendar. New Year in Russia is a time for being together with family and friends, for gift giving, decorating the New Year tree, and watching and setting off fireworks. Midnight is, by tradition, marked by listening to the Russian Federation President’s greeting and Kremlin bells chime.
- E. The Siberian Husky is a beautiful dog with a thick coat that comes in a multitude of colours and markings. Their blue or multi-coloured eyes add to the appeal of this breed, which originated in Siberia. It is easy to see why many people are enchanted by the Husky, but be aware that this athletic, intelligent dog can be independent and challenging for first-time dog owners.

№3. Translate from English into Russian:

1. outstanding novelist
2. tuneless bagpiper
3. first night
4. outstanding novelist
5. tuneless bagpiper
6. first night

№4. Fill in the missing word.

1. If you’ve got toothache, take a p_____ and go and see a d_____.
2. I’ve got a night t_____, a terrible h_____ and a s_____ throat. May be I’ve got the fly.
3. I’ve joined a gym. I do a_____. I also do w_____ t_____ to build up my muscles, and I’m going to take up a m_____ a_____ like judo or maybe k_____ b_____.
4. He’s really keen on mountain sports: r_____ c_____ in the summer and s_____ in the winter.

№5. Read and say: True(правда), False (неправда), Not Stated (не установлено).

Sports in Great Britain

It is interesting how many of today’s sports games originated in Britain – football, rugby, tennis, boxing, rowing and horse racing among them. Of course, horse racing was popular with the Greeks and Arabs long before the British began to put them into practice; and people had been playing football in one form or another for thousands of years all over the world. But it was the British who created special rules for these sports and sports games.

Football is a good example. In the Middle Ages people in Europe, Japan and Asia all played some forms of the game. A sort of football was also very popular in England, especially as a contest between villages. But at that time there were very few rules. When the students of English schools started to play football, rules then became necessary. They were changed

several times and by the middle of the 19th century football had become very much the game that we know and like today. By the way, the first serious football rules were written at Cambridge University.

A similar story can be told about some other sports. Why did this happen in Britain before other countries? There are some possible explanations: after the Norman invasion of 1066, Britain was quite a peaceful country. As a result people had time to develop sports. Later, after Britain's industrial revolution, English factories were based on highly organized work and strict time keeping. The same discipline was applied to sport. So uniforms, referees and punishments were introduced to football and other games. British authorities thought that team games were good training for future military and industrial careers.

Every country has its own list of favourite sports. What is the British list? There are lots of games apart from football. Schoolgirls, for example, play a game which seems a lot like basketball. It is called netball. Netball is different from basketball in many details: for example, the ball is lighter, the court is bigger and netball has seven players in each team (not five). There is something very strange about netball –

it is never played by boys. There is no biological reason for this, it is simply a tradition. It is popular throughout the English-speaking world, and the Australians and New Zealanders usually win the competitions.

But the most famous and popular British sport is cricket. Cricket is an important part of English summer life. You can watch it all day on TV or even listen to it on the radio. News programmes keep you up-to-date with the score. Men, when they meet, always exchange a few words about the state of the game.

One of cricket's distinguishing features is that the games are very long. In an ordinary game at a boys' school it takes up to a whole afternoon. But the big international games are up to five days long.

1. Football was the most popular game in the Ancient World.

2. The rules for modern football were created in Great Britain.

3. **All** the students had to play football and other team games at British schools.

4. Basketball and netball are the same game under different names.

Промежуточная контрольная работа

9 FORM

FORWARD

Name _____

–

Surname _____

—

Form __9

“A” _____

Date _____

Checking work №2 (II-nd term)

1. Complete the sentences. Make new words from the words in capital letters.

- 1) A lot of people like to be _____ because it makes them feel better. **FASHION**
- 2) Wearing _____ and other types of jewellery can be a sign that belong to a group, for example Goths. **EAR**
- 3) UNICEF is an _____ which looks after children in underdeveloped countries. **ORGANISE**
- 4) People usually join political parties because they _____ with their views on politics, economics and social issues. **IDENTITY**
- 5) Some young people join gangs because they're looking for _____. **ACCEPT**
- 6) The battery in my mobile is flat – I need to _____ it. **CHARGE**

	6
POINTS	

2. Complete the sentences with the correct verbs below.

bump calm fool get go hang put

- 1) In hot weather, the kids usually _____ around the village square.
- 2) When you live in a big city, you have to _____ up with noise, traffic and pollution.
- 3) You can _____ into an old friend from school anywhere – even on holiday.
- 4) The doctor tried to _____ the patients down.
- 5) He is often punished by his teacher because he likes to _____ around.
- 6) Teenagers often do not _____ on with their younger brothers and sisters.
- 7) Which is the most embarrassing place where your mobile can _____ off ?

	7
POINTS	

3. Fill in the gaps with the Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous forms of the verbs in brackets.

- 1) Colin _____ (write) songs since 2001.
- 2) Colin _____ (write) hundreds of songs.
- 3) Colin _____ (go out) with Tracy for about a year.

- 4) Colin _____ (go out) for a drink with Tracy.
- 5) Tracy _____ (play) in public many times.
- 6) Tracy _____ (play) the piano since she was six.
- 7) Stephan _____ (act) in three music videos.
- 8) Stephan _____ (act) in a music video all day.
- 9) David _____ (save up) his money.
- 10) David _____ (save up) almost \$ 3,000.

	10
POINTS	

	Max 23
TOTAL POINTS	

Контрольная работа №3

Test for the 9th form, 3 term

Variant 1

1. Choose the right word.

1. People want to live in an ...society.
a) legal b) orderly c) primitive
2. We give our state the rights to protect our lives and our....
a) property b) government c) criminals
3. If peoplecrimes they must be punished.
a) solve b) make c) commit
4. Serious crimes are called...
a) felonies b) misdemeanors c) punishment
5. Burglary is aagainst the property rights and security of another person.
a) murder b) fingerprint c) crime
6. The investigation of burglary concentrates around the place of entry and the crime
a) place b) scene c) appearance
7. The scene is the most possible place to find
a) evidence b) money c) a judge

2. Match the word and its translation

1. Mugging	1. Похищение человека
2. Kidnapping	2. Кража со взломом
3. Fraud	3. Мошенничество
4. Burglary	4. Уличное ограбление
5. Pickpocketing	5. Карманные кражи
6. Scam	6. Кража в магазине
7. Shoplifting	7. Афера

3. Put the following words and phrases under the right headings of the table.

steal, vandal, judge, criminal, shop-lifting, mugger, fraudster, smuggle, theft, thief, life imprisonment, fine, community service

Crime and punishment			
crimes	punishments	people	verbs

4. Complete the sentences. Use will, be going to, the Present Simple or the Present Continuous.

1. The train... (leave) at 10 a.m. every day.
2. I'm hungry.
- I .. (have) a sandwich.

3. -What are you going to do during the weekend?
- We... (fish) on Sunday.
4. He... (visit) me on Saturday.
5. – The phone is ringing!
-I ...(get) it!

5. Choose the correct answer.

- 1) It's a secret. You tell anyone.
 1. needn't
 2. mustn't
 3. shouldn't
- 2) You ... smoke so much.
 - a) would
 - b) can't
 - c) shouldn't
- 3) I ... sleep for hours when I was a little girl.
 - a) could
 - b) am able to
 - c) can
- 4) Where are my gloves? — I ... put them on because it's cold today.
 - a) can't
 - b) have to
 - c) needn't
- 5) Well, it's 9 o'clock. I ... go now.
 - a) can
 - b) has to
 - c) must
- 6) ...you turn down the music? I have a terrible headache.
 - a) could
 - b) should
 - c) have to

6. Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets and answer the questions.

Where do you go when you want to know the latest business news, follow commodity prices, or stay abreast of the latest scientific and technological developments? Today, the answer is obvious: you log on to the internet. Three centuries ago, the answer ____1(be) just as easy: you ____2 (go) to a coffee-house. There, for the price of a cup of coffee, you ____3(can) attend scientific lectures, or chat with like-minded people about literature or politics. Like today's websites, coffee-houses ____4(be) lively. Collectively Europe's interconnected web of coffee-houses _____5(form) the internet of the Enlightenment era.

The contrast between coffee and alcoholic drinks was reflected in the decor of the coffee houses that _____6(begin) to appear in European cities, London in particular. They _____7(decorate) with bookshelves, mirrors, gilt-framed pictures and good furniture, in contrast to the rowdiness and gloom of taverns. According to custom, social differences _____8 (leave) at the coffee-house door and anyone who started a quarrel had to atone for it by buying an order of coffee for all present.

Coffee _____9(be) the ideal drink. Its popularity owed much to the growing middle class of information workers, who _____10(do) mental work in offices rather than performing physical labour in the open, and found that coffee sharpened their mental faculties. Such men _____11(be) not rich enough to entertain lavishly at home, but _____12(can) afford to spend a few pence a day on coffee. Coffee-houses were nicknamed "penny universities" in a contemporary English verse which observed: "So great Universitie, I think there ne'er was any; In which you may a Scholar be, for spending of a penny."

1. What was the alternative of the internet three century ago?
2. What were the coffee-houses decorated with?
3. Why were the coffee-houses nicknamed "penny universities"?

Контрольная работа №4

Test for the 4th term of the 9th form

Variant 1

1. Find the “odd one out” in each group.

1. bat, fly, owl, rat
2. beetle, cockroach, mosquito, octopus
3. ostrich, salmon, owl, parrot
4. scientist, pessimist, zoologist, geologist

2. Put the verbs in the right form to complete the sentences and translate them in written form.

1. She loves... (use) modern gadgets.
2. I avoid... (meet) him.
3. She would like... (draw) this picture herself.
4. He hates ... (do) such things.
5. My neighbor has given up ... (smoke).

3. Complete the sentences. Form new words from the words in capital letters and translate the sentences in written form.

1. ... would like to continue their work. RESEARCH
2. Giant pandas are... animals. DANGER
3. It's an... thing for octopuses to draw pictures. USUAL
4. It's wrong to kill animals for... fur. THEY
5. Zoos still have a ... function in the modern world. USE

4. Put the words in the right order and translate the sentences in written form.

1. to, meet, him, I, forgot.
2. lock, to, the door, remember.
3. of, the author, the theory, is, a gemologist, not.
4. she, recognition, was, great, Russian, won, ballerina, a, who, world, the.
5. like, leaders, change.

5. Write the personal letter for your friend David. Answer his questions: “If you had a chance of travelling on a time machine what famous person from the past would you like to meet? Why?”

Test for the 4th term of the 9th form

Variant 2

1. Find the “odd one out” in each group.

1. penguin, ostrich, bee, owl
2. cockroach, goldfish, salmon, shark
3. ape, crocodile, bear, beetle
4. optimist, scientist, zoologist, biologist

2. Put the verbs in the right form to complete the sentences and translate them in written form.

1. She likes... (fish)

2. I have given up ... (study) French.
3. She suggested ... (go) to the cinema,
4. He would like ... (visit) Spain.
5. My friend has finished ... (do) his homework.

3. Complete the sentences. Form new words from the words in capital letters and translate the sentences in written form.

1. It's cruel they animals are kept for fur have short and... lives. **HAPPY**
2. He couldn't... these two things together. **CONNECTION**
3. My sister is very... **IMAGE**
4. Poor followers avoid... **RESPONSE**
5. ...are innovators. **LEAD**

4. Put the words in the right order and translate the sentences in written form.

1. meeting, him, I, forgot.
2. some, that, species, animal, endangered, for, are, fur, hunted, are.
3. a, very, complex, have, octopuses, system, nervous.
4. longer, water, than, can, survive, a rat, for, without, a camel.
5. the others, is, than, type, brain, of, is, no, there, that, better.

5. Write the personal letter for your friend David. Answer his questions: "If you had a chance of travelling on a time machine what famous person from the past would you like to meet? Why?"

Итоговая контрольная работа

1. **Put these words in the correct category: *amazing, director, shoplifter, soundtrack, mugging, murder, octopus, thief, predictable, piracy, burglary, ape, reliable, generous, robbery, theft, speeding, editor.***

2. Criminals
3. Crimes
4. Film production
5. Animals
6. Adjectives

2. Complete the sentences with the right form of verbs

1. Peter _____ (go) home by the time I arrived.
2. If I _____ (have) the money, I _____ (go) snowboarding.
3. Kate suddenly realised that he _____ - _____ (leave) his laptop on the train.
4. If I _____ (be) fitter, I _____ (try) rock climbing.
5. Father was annoyed because I _____ (not clean) my room.
6. _____ (they / study) English before they went to the USA?
7. If I _____ (be) taller, I _____ (play) volleyball.
8. I _____ finish this report by the end of the week (must\have to).
- 9 Alex lives and works in Florida but he _____ (have) a holiday in England at the moment.
10. Olga _____ (get up) at seven o'clock every morning.
11. She _____ (work) here for five years.
12. I _____ (run) when I saw some people.

3. Read the text p.99 ex.1 and answer the questions:

1. What was Joyti's job?
13. Who did she steal from?
14. What happened to her because of her new lifestyle?
15. Why did nobody notice what she was doing?
16. How was she caught?

4. Write the letter to your pen-friend Mary about pros and cons in your school life.

5. Choose one of these modal verbs from the box to complete the sentences (*can may should must could need*). There is one EXTRA verb.

1. When I was a little girl, I _____ do acrobatic tricks, but now I can't.
2. If there is not going to be any information about those passengers till tomorrow morning, we _____ call the police.
3. Conflicts _____ lead to bad relations.
4. We _____ have respect for other people.
5. Do you know that cats _____ see in the dark?